

Active



When "Being Active" is going well, your child may:

- Sleep better at night or fall asleep quicker.
- Talk about things they enjoy doing. It is important to encourage your child in the hobbies they choose to pursue.
- Eat well. If your child is being active regularly, this may encourage them to eat a varied, healthy diet.
- Feel less anxious. Being active encourages the 'feel good hormones' to be produced
- Be more social and want to make real life connections with people.
- Concentrate well for a period of time.
- Be open to talking about anything that may be worrying them.
- Be keen to go outside and move away from the screen.
- Be energetic.

When "Being Active" is not going well, your child may:

- Find getting to sleep or sleeping well tricky at night.
- Not talk willingly about how their day has been or how they are feeling.
- Snack too much and not eat regular healthy meals.
- Feel anxious about everyday things.
- Want to stay at home all the time and not make friends.
- Find concentrating for any amount of time difficult.
- Be withdrawn.
- Become obsessive about a computer game, phone or console.
- Be either lethargic or over tired which may result in becoming 'big and physical' in presence. They may also tire easily after gentle exercise.

Being outside

- Find an open space, somewhere around you there is space to 'walk and talk'. Nature has a positive impact on our mental wellbeing.
- 'Grow your own' even with a limited amount of space you can grow herbs or flowers.
- Contact local gardening/walking or volunteering groups. This is a great way to encourage your child to also take part in new things.
- Volunteer to walk a neighbours/friends/grandparent's dog.
- Make a mud kitchen. An old saucepan, old spoon, somewhere they can dig some mud and a jug of water. That's it!
- Build a den! You can use sheets and pegs, or the sofa or under the bed.
- Go on a treasure hunt for everyday things in nature. For example, find a feather, twig, road sign etc.
- Have a look at the National Trust website for ideas on walks.
- Create a bug hunt.
- Try geocaching this has really taken off over the past couple of years and is great fun. Or Pokemon Go!



Be Active

Be active inside

- Have a kitchen disco. The children will love it.
- Investigate indoor clubs in your local area. Don't forget to ask your school as some clubs are free.
- Dance to music when you are cooking, doing chores or simply having some family time.
- Build an indoor den using sheets and blankets.
- Remember just 10 minutes of physical activity a day has been show have a really positive impact on our minds.

Monitoring screen time

- Set expectations You could say 'You can watch one programme/ play one game before dinner/bath'.
- Choose your timings wisely no screens at least one hour before bed.
- Always give a warning. Preparing a child is always a good thing as they know what is coming
- Choices and routines will make it more likely that your child will cooperate with screen time rules. Make sure to make these rules 'family rules' and remember to lead by example.
- Have a 'tech free day'. Take it in turns to choose a family game, for for a walk or cook together.
- Think about doing other things for example, if you don't want your child using a screen in the car, have other games or conversation topics you can rely on.
- Revisit the rules every month to adapt to changing needs and interests as your child grows
- Get your child to write a letter to a friend or relative or to simply pick up the phone and chat
- Make sure you set consequences for misuse of screens. For example, if they don't stick to the family rules, then they have a day without the screen.

Average attention span for each age group.

Useful links

https://www.walkingbritain.co.uk/find-walks-by-me.php

https://www.rhs.org.uk/advice/grow-your-own

https://www.bbc.co.uk/news/health-46758809

https://www.gov.uk/government/get-involved/take-part/volunteer

mips.//www.gov.ok/governmeni/ger-involved/lake-pan/voiomeer

https://letsmove.obamawhitehouse.archives.gov/reduce-screen-time-and-get-active

https://www.nationaltrust.org.uk/

https://www.mumsmakelists.com/50-fun-things-to-do-outdoors-for-free/

https://www.geocaching.com/play

https://www.hants.gov.uk/socialcareandhealth/publichealth/hampshirehealthineducation/keystages/primary/physicalactivity

• 4 years old: 8-12 minutes.

5-6 years old: 12-18 minutes.

• 7–8 years old: 16-24 minutes.

• 9–10 years old: 20-30 minutes.

11-12 years old: 25-35 minutes